

N.C. Department of Health and Human Services

Private and Public Roles, Resources and Responsibilities

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Changing Times

- No longer two separate systems of care
 - People move between public and private benefit plans
 - ★ Health Choice => Medicaid
 - ▼ Medicaid => Uninsured => Medicaid
 - Employer insurance => Uninsured => Medicaid
- Private benefit plans have limits
 - Basic 30 outpatient visits + 30 inpatient days
 - o No coverage, if longer services are needed
 - o Gaps in coverage, if different services are needed

Public Behavioral Health Continuum



Outpatient



Enhanced Services

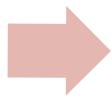
- Intensive In Home
- Multi-Systemic Therapy
- ACT
- SA Intensive Outpatient
- Day Treatment
- Facility Based Crisis
- Residential Treatment
- Etc.



Inpatient

Private Behavioral Health Continuum





Inpatient

Public vs. Private Coverage

- Public funds pay for most behavioral health services
 - o 70% of inpatient behavioral health services
 - Most substance abuse treatment
 - Primary health care and mental health care for persons with chronic behavioral health conditions
 - Primary health care and long-term supports for persons with intellectual/developmental disabilities
- Public benefit plans are often more robust for persons with chronic behavioral health conditions
 - Enhanced community services
 - Residential supports and services
 - Supported employment services
 - Supports for independent living

Goals

- Ensure access to services for individuals whose insurance carriers change
- Maintain seamless continuation of needed services for individuals with complex behavioral health needs during transitions between funders
- Encourage prevention and early intervention rather than waiting until chronic conditions necessitate expensive treatment
- Ensure high quality, medically necessary care across funders
- Incentivize effective care